What's your carbon footprint?

Data set compiled by Elisabeth George for the Transition Town Letchworth meeting on 14 January 2020

Essex & Herts Air Ambulance Motorcycle Run



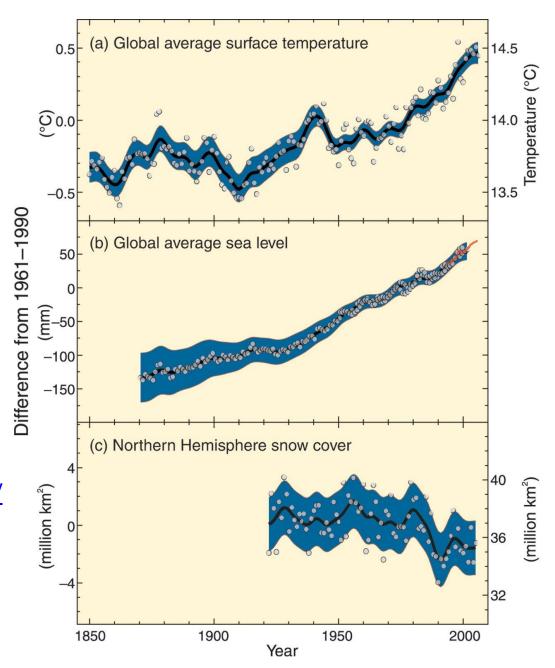
Plan for tonight

- What is a carbon footprint?
- Across the world
- In the UK
- Our own: What has the biggest impact?
 - ~ please ask questions throughout ~





That's why we are here

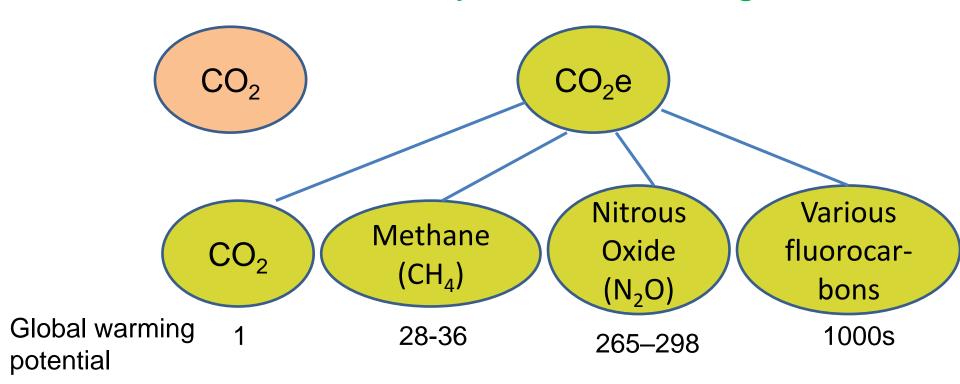


https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar4/ syr/summary-for-policymakers/

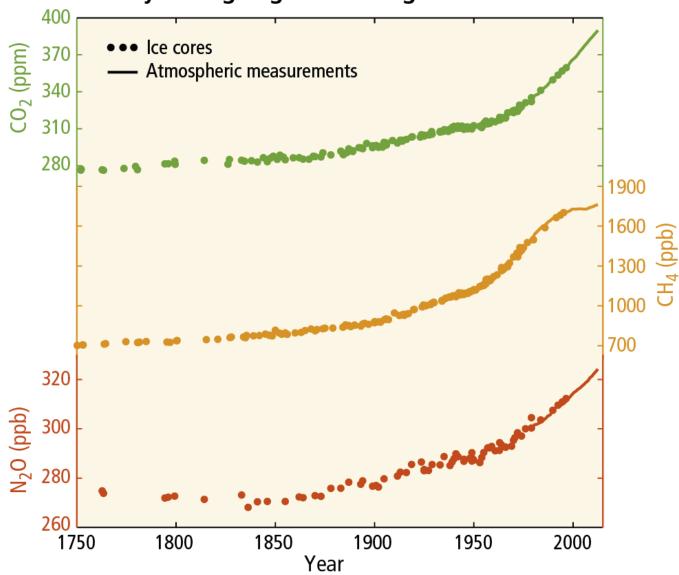
What is a carbon footprint?

All greenhouse gas emissions caused by an individual, organisation, event or product, resulting from every stage of a product or service's lifetime (material production, manufacturing, use, and disposal)

Beware – different ways of calculating it



Globally averaged greenhouse gas concentrations



IPCC, Assessment Report 5, topic 1

Beware – different ways of calculating a country's carbon footprint (2)



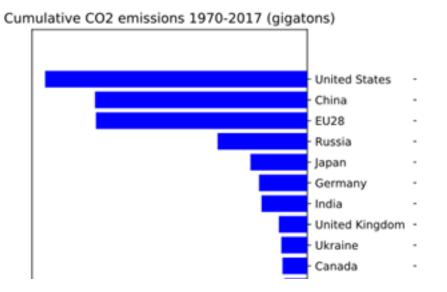
Production only Consumption and production

- For international comparisons one needs to use the production footprint otherwise double-counting
- includes also emissions from the consumption of imported goods
- this is the more honest approach

2 elements: operational + embodied = total

Beware (3)

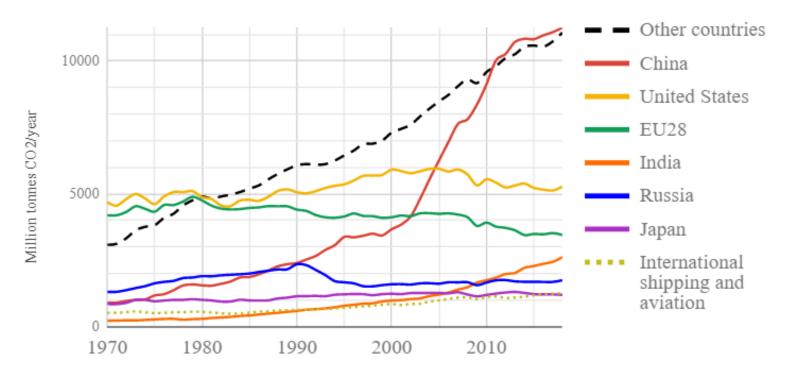
- This is not an exact science: the data varies a lot
- One can still make justified and reasonable decisions - being thorough and careful which information to use
- My sources: Official government reporting, ONS, IPCC, EU reporting, published books, Wikipedia
- Lots of numbers mostly in pictures





(CO2 production only)

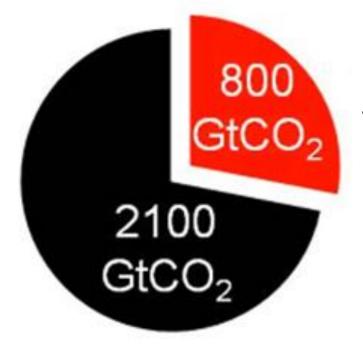
World fossil carbon dioxide emission 1970-2018



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of countries by carbon dioxide emissions

...to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C a small carbon budget is left:

Already emitted (up to 2016)

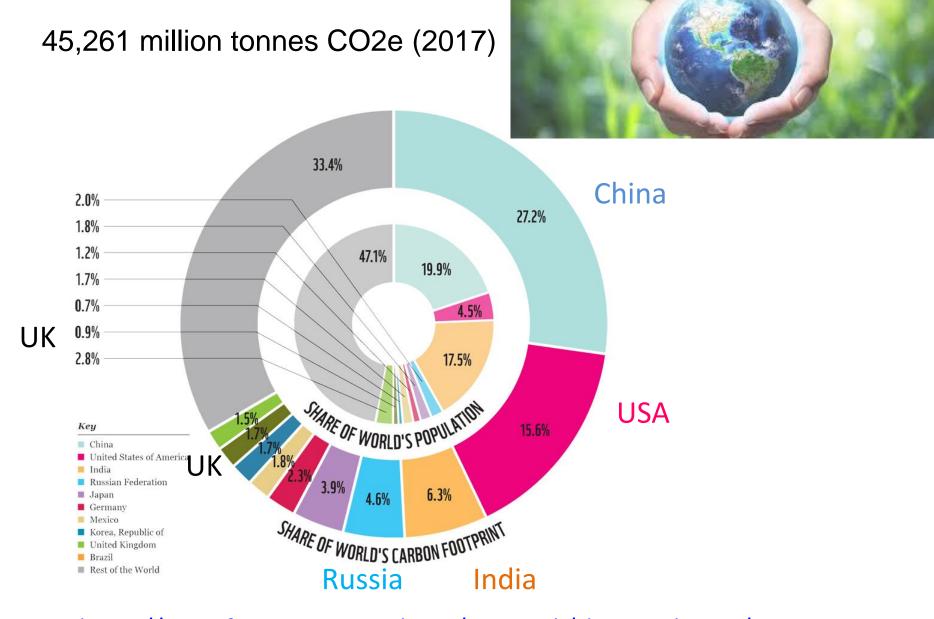


Still 'available'

Source: IPCC Rogelj 2016

See also:

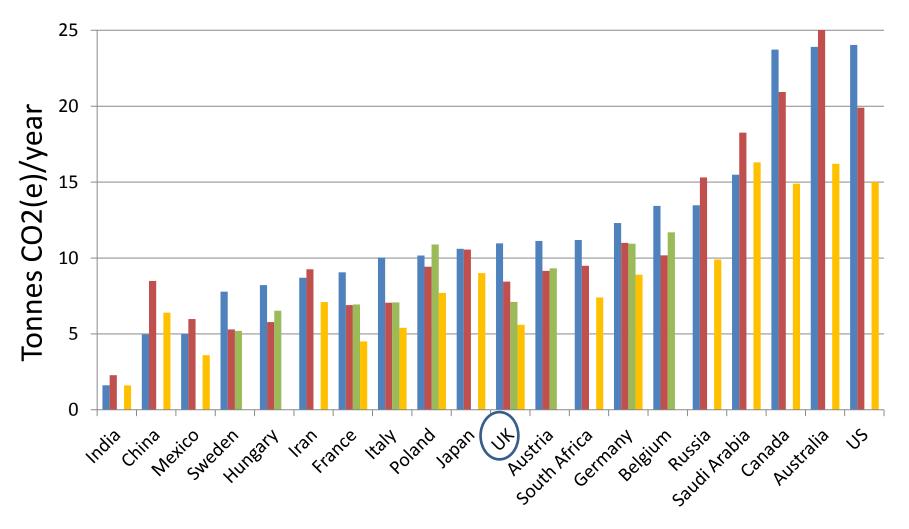
https://www.mcc-berlin.net/en/research/co2-budget.html



https://www.footprintnetwork.org/our-work/climate-change/ (possibly 2016 figures)

Carbon footprint per person

(production only)



[2010 – 2016 data; sources on next slide]

Sources for international carbon footprint comparison (slide 12)

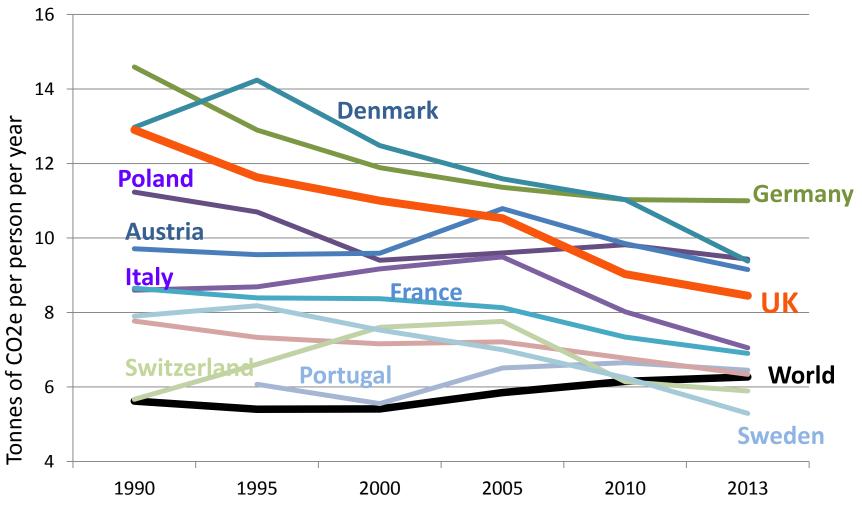
- Blue 2010 M Berners-Lee (2010) How Bad Are Bananas?
 Profile Books ISBN 1846688914
- Red 2013

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of countries by greenhouse gas emissions per capita

- Green 2015
 - http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/headlines/society/2 0180301STO98928/greenhouse-gas-emissions-by-countryand-sector-infographic
- Yellow: 2016 (CO2 only)
 https://www.ucsusa.org/resources/each-countrys-share-co2-emissions

CO₂e per person in Europe

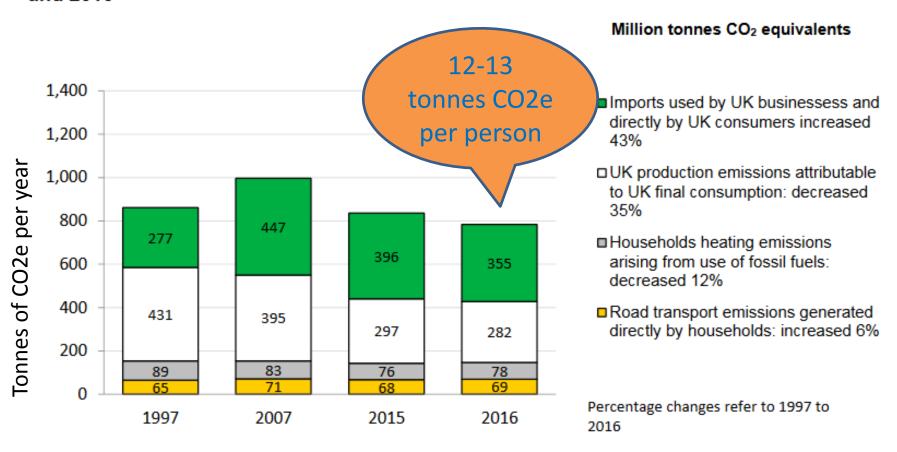
(production footprint)



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of countries by greenhouse gas emissions

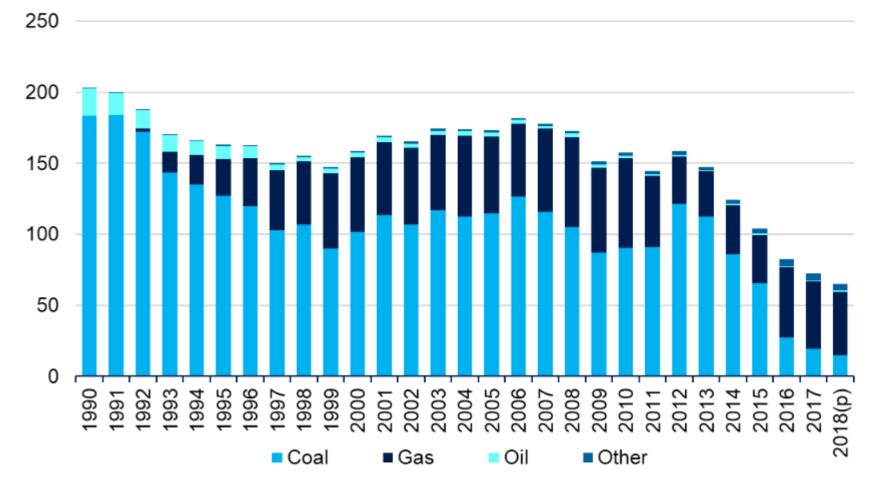
The UKs carbon footprint

Figure 2 Greenhouse gas emissions associated with UK consumption 1997, 2007, 2015 and 2016



https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attach ment_data/file/794557/Consumption_emissions_April19.pdf https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system

Figure 4: Carbon dioxide emissions from electricity generation, UK, 1990-2018 (MtCO₂)



Why find out about carbon footprints?



Until we know the carbon footprint of a product/ service or our own life choices

- > we don't know out where the biggest impact is
- > we cannot demand 'low carbon' products/services

Once we know, we can make informed choices to

- > set our own personal carbon budget
- change our behaviour

How do online footprint calculators work?

- Questions about
 - Food (meat vegan), food waste, how much locally produced or processed food
 - Type of house, number of bedrooms, how many people, fuel type and cost, energy efficiency improvements
 - Travel: vehicle type, time spend in, or miles travelled in car, train, bus, how many flights and where to
 - Behaviour (turning off your lights and appliances, temperature in your home, recycling)
 - Consumption (new household items; clothes and footwear, pets, health and beauty products, phone, internet and TV contracts)

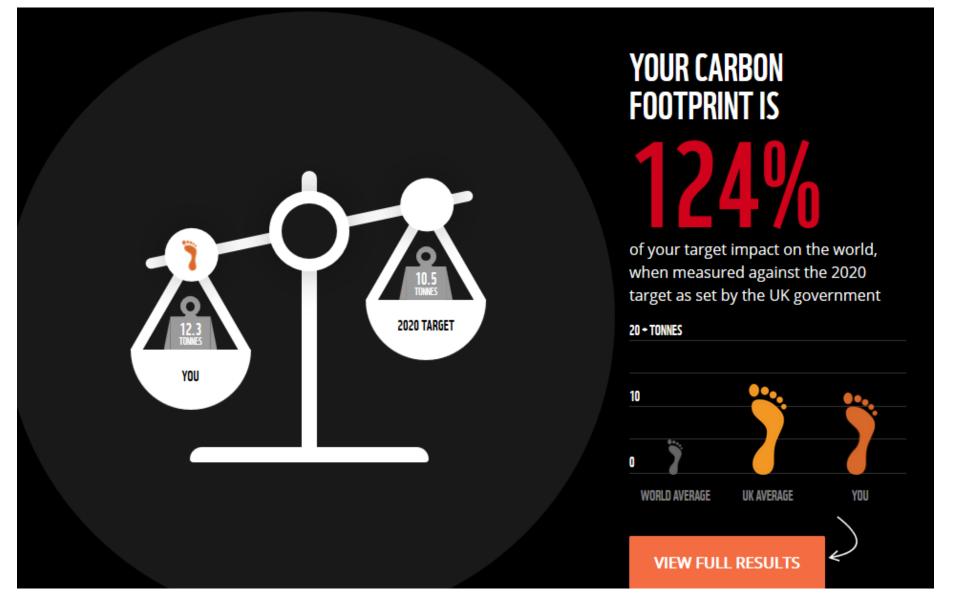
Online carbon footprint calculators explored

- There are many! ...and show different results
- WWF footprint calculator https://footprint.wwf.org.uk/#/
 - Does not provide a lot of granular information
- Carbon footprint TM
 https://www.carbonfootprint.com/calculator.aspx
 - Very detailed, works via expenditure, but some implausible results
- <u>Carbonindependent</u>
 <u>https://www.carbonindependent.org/</u>
 - Detailed (apart from consumption), plausible results

Basic profile

- Based on 2 people sharing a 2 bedroom semi detached house
- Trying to do their best: low energy light bulbs, cavity insulation, recycle everything, switch appliances off, average electricity and gas use
- Food: meat only in some meals, very little food waste
- Moderate/ average spending on clothes, and other stuff, no pets, phone internet contract
- 1 small car, average mileage =7600 miles (office for national statistics)
- Both do 2 return flights to Europe (1.5h each)

WWF footprint calculator https://footprint.wwf.org.uk/#/ Basic profile



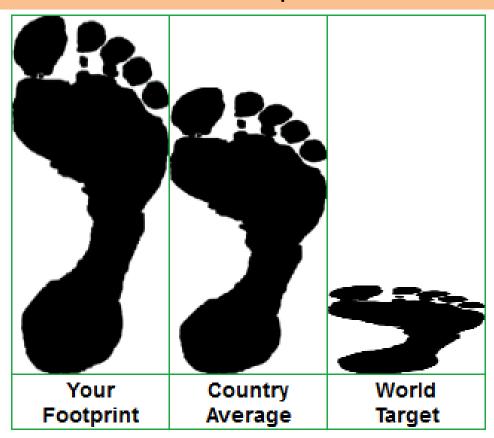
WWF footprint calculator https://footprint.wwf.org.uk/#/ Basic profile



'Carbonfootprint™ 'calculator

https://www.carbonfootprint.com/calculator.aspx

Basic profile

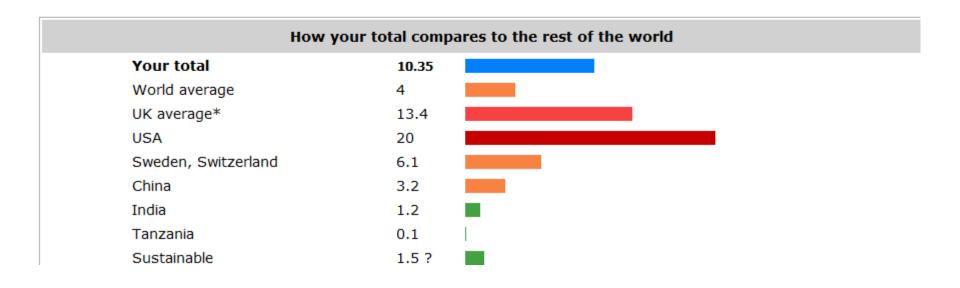


- Your footprint is 8.12 tonnes per year
- The average footprint for people in United Kingdom is 6.50 tonnes
- The average for the European Union is about 6.4 tonnes
- The average worldwide carbon footprint is about 5 tonnes
- The worldwide target to combat climate change is 2 tonnes

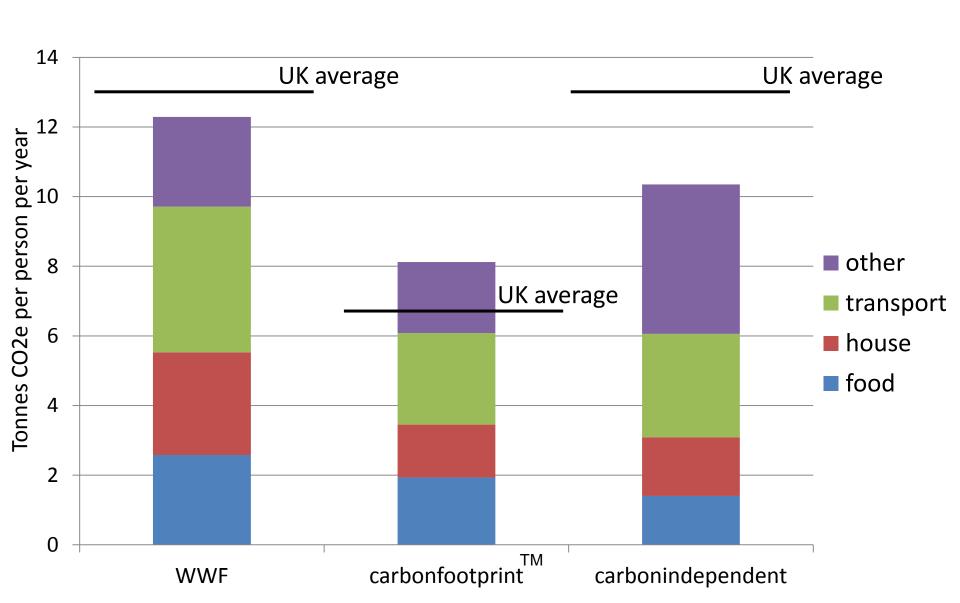
Carbonindependent https://www.carbonindependent.org/ Basic profile

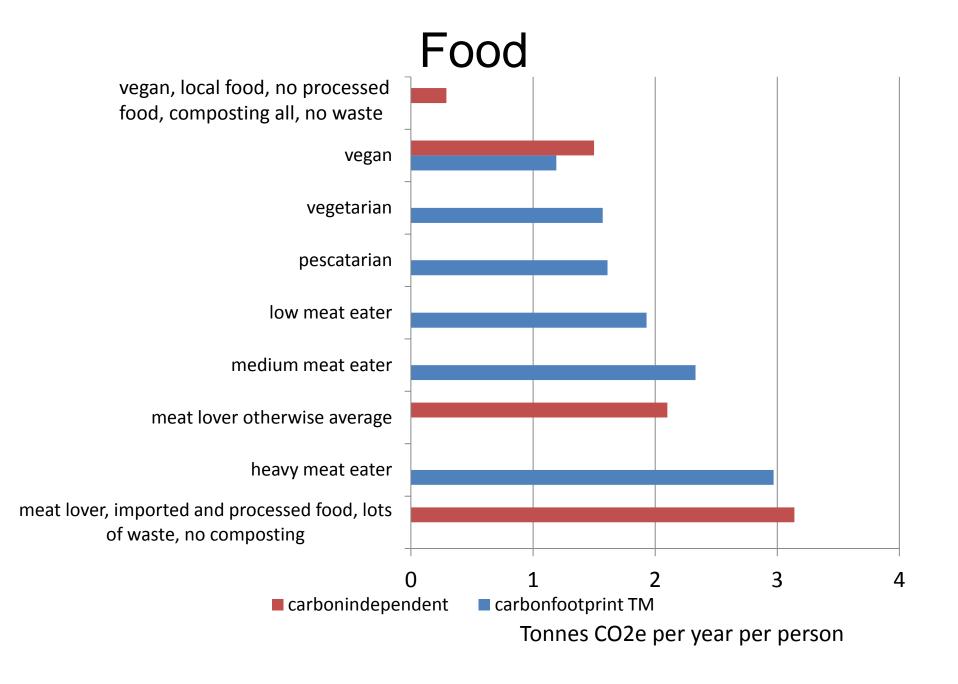
	household	person	
Electricity (3000 kWh)	0.93	0.47	
Gas (12000 kWh)	2.44	1.22	
Car 1 (7600 miles)	2.94	1.47	
Food		1.4	
Health, education, etc		1.1	
Flights (6 hours)		1.5	
Miscellaneous		3.19	
Your total		10.35	tonnes

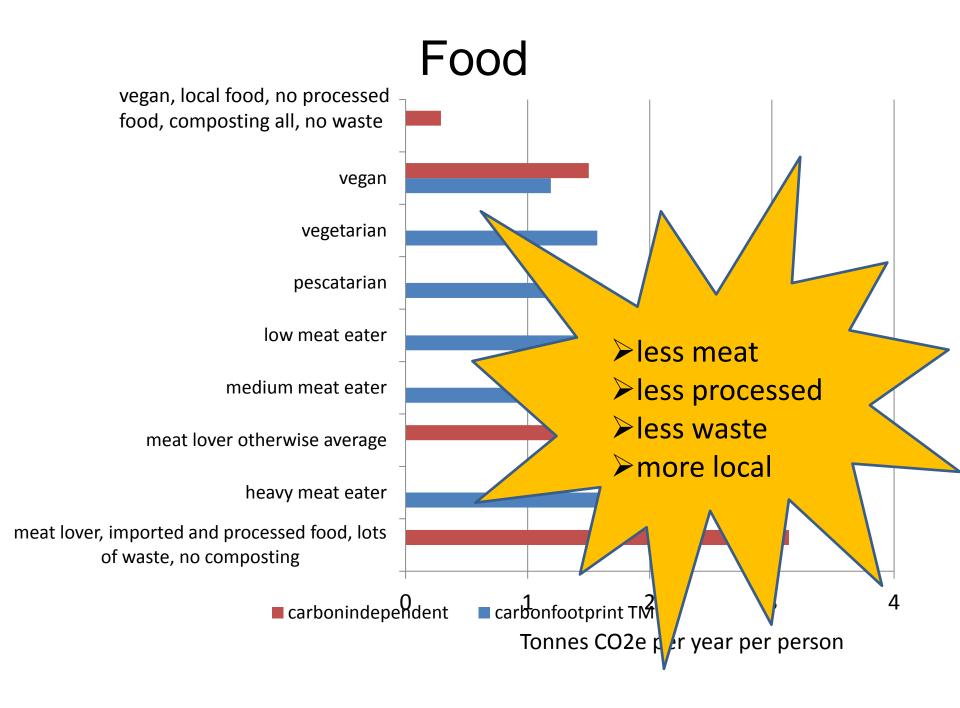
No or minimal recorded emissions from the following categories: oil, coal, wood, bottled gas, car 2, car 3, car 4, bus, train



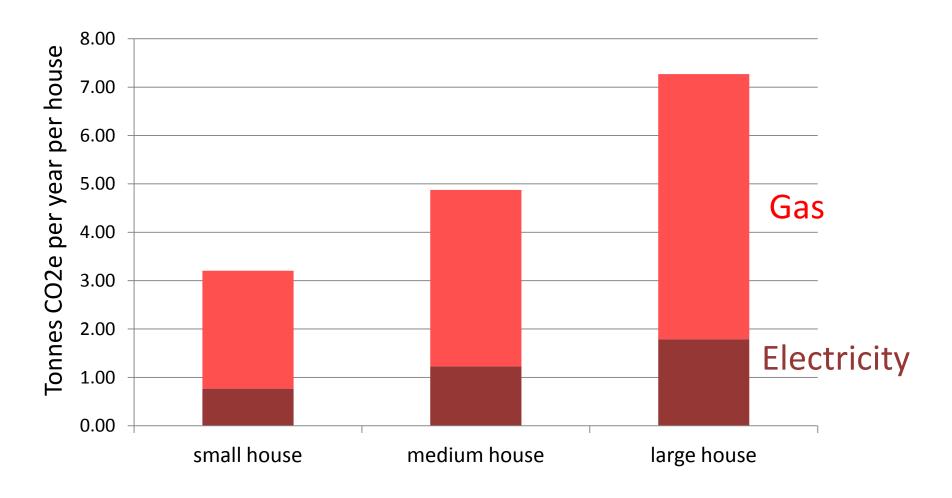
Output from the 3 calculators

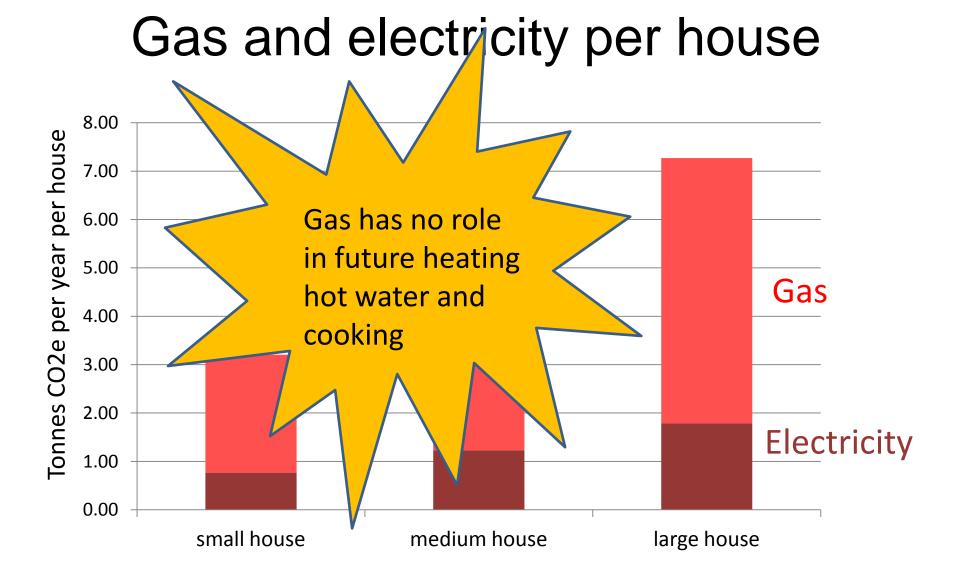




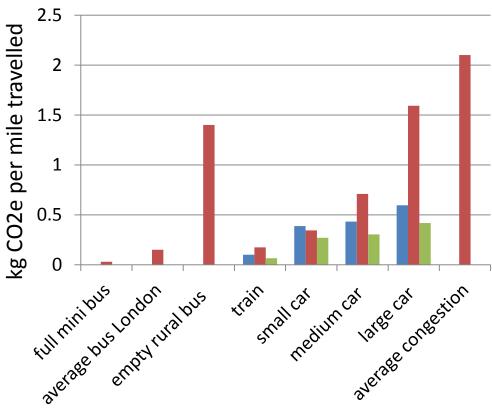


Gas and electricity per house





Cars



car	engine	mpg
small	< 1.5 L	37
medium	1.5 - 2.0 L	33
large	> 2.0 L	24

carbonindpendent

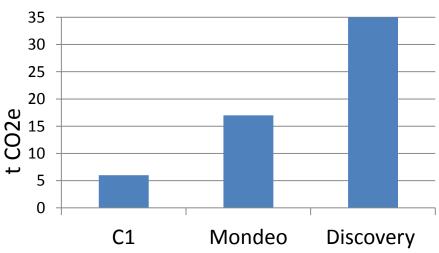
■ How bad are bananas?

■ carbonfootprint TM

The red bars are higher because they include extracting, refining and transporting fuel, and the embodied carbon of the car

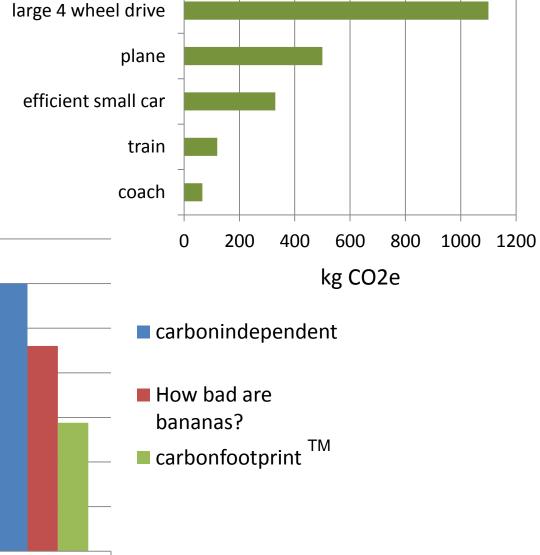
Embodied carbon

How much carbon does it take to make a new car?

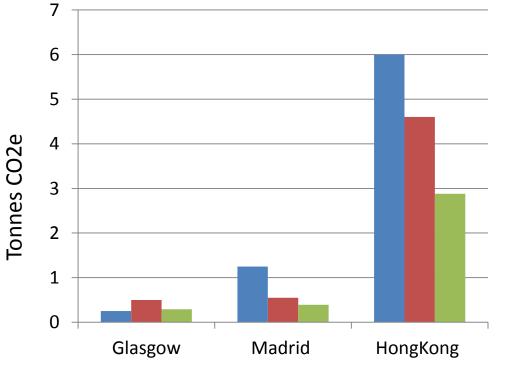


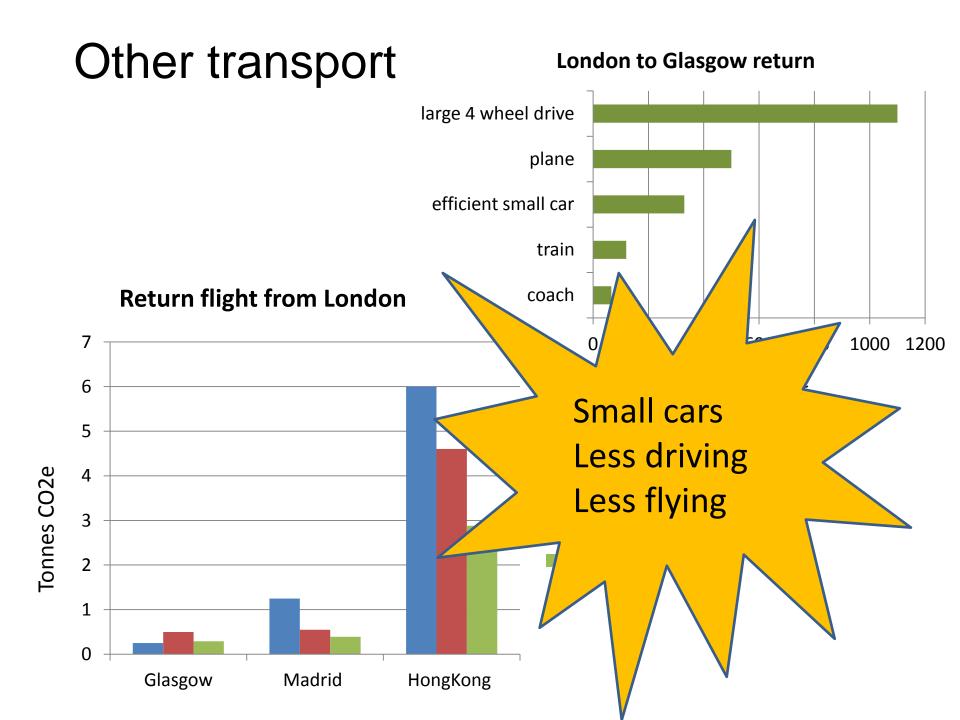
Other transport

London to Glasgow return



Return flight from London



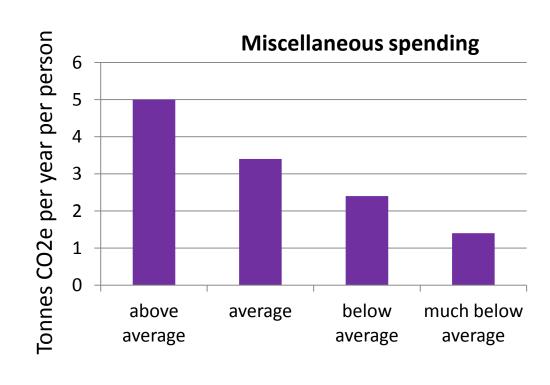


Miscellaneous spending

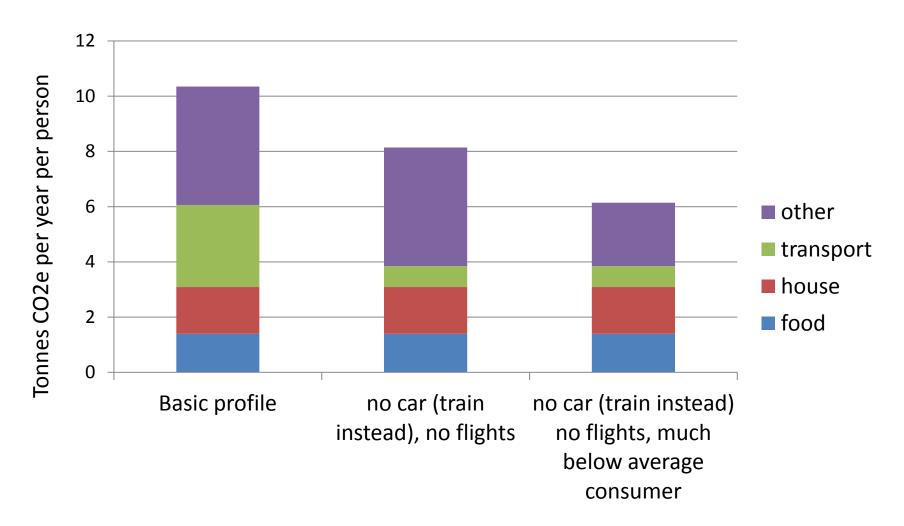
Includes:

- recreation and leisure
- housing
- household appliances
- hygiene
- hotels and holidays
- furnishings
- clothing & footwear
- alcohol & tobacco
- post, phones
- books, newspapers etc

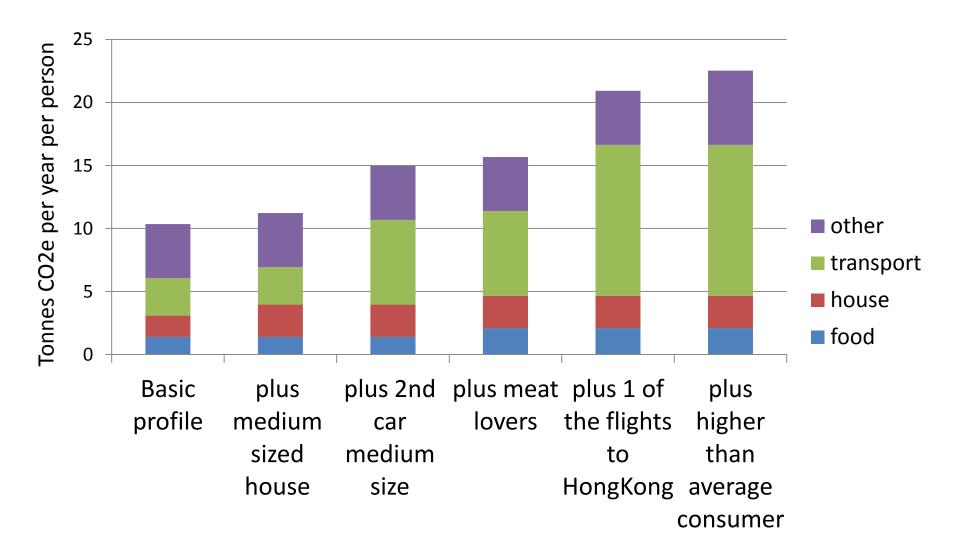
[CO2e on these tends to follow size of income]



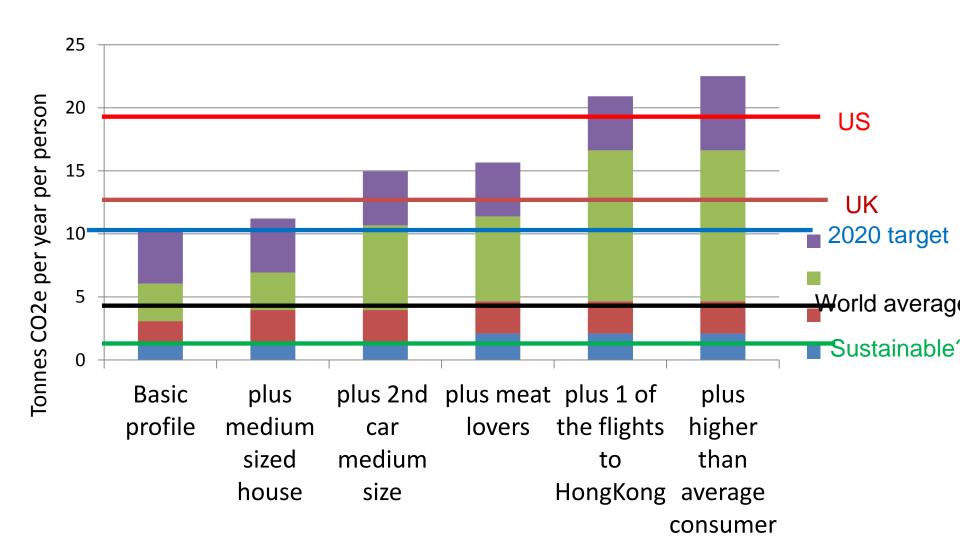
Back to personal carbon footprints



But



.....with benchmarks



We have a long way to go, but can be constructive and positive about it:

- ✓ Lobbying government for policy changes
- ✓ But we as individuals also carry responsibility to make changes in our lives - nothing is going to change if we don't change some of our consumption behaviour
- > Differentiate between 'needs' and 'wants'
- 'Want' less of some of the things that are most damaging to the world
 - Enjoy activities that do not use much fossil fuel energy
 - Demand low carbon products and services







We have the power of the purse!